<u>CLASS – 4 COMPUTER SCIENCE WORKSHEET (CHAPTER 1)</u>

CHAPTER: MEMORY AND STORAGE DEVICES

SYNOPSIS:

- The words or numbers which have no meaning by themselves is called data. It is the input given to the computer. What data tells us or the output obtained from a computer is the information.
- Computer memory is of two types- Primary memory and Secondary memory.
- Primary memory is of two types- Read Only Memory (ROM) and Random Access Memory (RAM).
- Primary memory stores the programs which are directly run by the CPU. Secondary memory stores data permanently until it is deleted or overwritten.
- 0 and 1 are the binary digits or bits. A bit is the smallest unit of computer memory.
- Hard disks, CDs, DVDs, USB flash drives, memory cards are some of the secondary storage devices.
- Cloud is an online storage for data and can be accessed anytime. This type of internet service is called cloud computing.

I.	Fill in the blanks:
1.	There are types of computer memory.
2.	and together form a computer system.
3.	Primary memory is also known as memory.
4.	Secondary memory is also known as external or memory
5.	A computer understands only two digits and
II.	Write the full form of the following:
a)	CD-
b)	DVD-
c)	RAM-
,	ROM-
e)	GB-
	True or False:
	Memory cards are also known as flash cards.
	A bit is the smallest unit of computer memory.
	ROM stores the data permanently.
	Secondary memory is the internal memory of a computer.
	The output given by the computer is the data.
	Answer the following questions:
,	What is Data and Information?
	What is memory of a computer? State its types.
	List any 3 secondary storage devices.
	What are the different types of CDs?
	Define cloud computing.
V.	Complete the following exercises at the end of the chapter:
	i. Exercise A – Page No. 12
	ii. Exercises B, C and D – Page No. 13
	iii. Exercise E – Page No. 13 and 14.

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